

alveolus in this genus, the incisive angle is difficult to measure satisfactorily.

Dimensions of the skull *.—Condyllo-basal length 80·8 mm.; occipito-nasal length 92·4; zygomatic breadth 56·1; greatest squamosal breadth 45·2; least distance between periotics on dorsal surface 12; nasals 35·3×21·5; dental length 50·6; cheek-teeth at grinding-surface 17·4.

VIII.—*Three new Fishes from the Tanganyika Territory.*

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THE fishes described below form part of a collection made at Morogoro, Tanganyika Territory, by Mr. A. Loveridge, and have been presented by him to the Natural History Museum.

Labeo loveridgei, sp. n.

Body compressed; depth 4 in the length; length of head $4\frac{1}{2}$. Snout obtusely pointed, strongly projecting beyond mouth, somewhat swollen, with scars of tubercles and with a curved transverse groove above, its length not quite $\frac{1}{2}$ length of head. Eyes supero-lateral; diameter 5 in length of head; interorbital width $2\frac{1}{2}$, width of mouth $2\frac{2}{3}$ in length of head. Inner surface of lips with transverse plicæ; lower bordered in front with a fringe of papillæ; rostral flap free at the sides, its edge crenulate; barbel minute, hidden. Dorsal 12, with 9 branched rays, equidistant from end of snout and base of caudal; upper edge concave; third simple and first branched ray a little longer than head. Anal 8, with 5 branched rays. Pectoral nearly as long as head, not reaching pelvic, the first ray of which is below the fourth branched ray of dorsal. Caudal deeply emarginate. Caudal peduncle $1\frac{1}{4}$ as long as deep. 38 scales in lateral line, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from origin of dorsal to lateral line, 4 between lateral line and pelvic fin, 16 round caudal peduncle.

A single specimen, 195 mm. long.

This species is near *L. forskalii* and *L. cylindricus*, which have a wider mouth and the snout broadly rounded.

* I am unable to give external measurements.

Barbus aphantogramma, sp. n.

Depth of body $3\frac{1}{3}$ to $3\frac{2}{3}$ in the length, length of head $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4. Snout as long as or shorter than diameter of eye, which is $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in length of head; interorbital width $2\frac{1}{2}$. Mouth small, terminal; one barbel on each side, its length about $\frac{1}{2}$ diameter of eye. Dorsal 10-11, equidistant from eye and base of caudal; third ray a serrated spine, about $\frac{2}{3}$ length of head; free edge of fin straight. Anal 8. Pectoral $\frac{2}{3}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ length of head, not reaching pelvics, which are in advance of dorsal. Caudal peduncle $1\frac{2}{3}$ to 2 as long as deep. Scales radiately striated, 21 to 23 in a longitudinal series, 6 or 7 between dorsal and pelvic, 10 round caudal peduncle; lateral line absent, or reduced to 2 or 3 anterior scales with tubules. A dark lateral stripe; a dark spot at origin of dorsal, another at origin of anal, a third at base of caudal; fins pale.

Ten specimens, 30 to 38 mm. in total length.

Near *B. apleurogramma*, Bouleng., from Lake Victoria, which has 25 scales in a longitudinal series and 8 round the caudal peduncle, a longer dorsal spine, and a different coloration.

PAREUTROPIUS, gen. nov.

Differs from *Eutropius* only in the smaller dorsal fin, of a slender spine and three branched rays.

Pareutropius micristius, sp. n.

Depth of body 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in the length, length of head $5\frac{1}{3}$ to 6. Mouth terminal or snout slightly projecting, as long as diameter of eye, which is $3\frac{1}{3}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in length of head. Band of teeth on palate continuous or narrowly interrupted in the middle. Nasal barbel $\frac{2}{3}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ length of head, maxillary and outer mandibular longer than head, inner mandibular about $\frac{1}{2}$ length of head. 12 gill-rakers on lower part of anterior arch. Dorsal I 3, small, well in advance of pelvics; spine slender, feebly serrated, $\frac{1}{3}$ to $\frac{2}{3}$ length of head. Anal 53-55. Pectoral nearly or quite reaching pelvics. Caudal deeply forked. Caudal peduncle not longer than deep. Brownish (in spirit); a dark spot above pectoral fin; a dark stripe along lateral line and another above anal fin.

Seven specimens; total length 75-100 mm.